

Anaerobic Digestion of organic waste in the Province of Bolzano

CORE

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SLIDE 1

Anaerobic Digestion of organic waste in the Province of Bolzano

Description

- Rural area with high tourist load
- Small surface area of uncultivated land
- Objective: anaerobic digestion plant with energy recovery for organic waste

Implementation

- Timescale: 2 steps construction
- Resources: about 20 M €
- 53 municipalities involved

Evidence of success

- Need to expand the plant
- Very high biogas production

Lessons learnt

- Positive: Limited quantities of screening, use of paper bags
- Negatives: in-situ composting
- Challenge: biogas upgrading implementation, digestate management

eco center SpA, in-house company that runs the main waste disposal plants in Bolzano including the anaerobic digestion plant for OFMSW

eco center SpA

Description

Province of Bolzano is a rural area with high tourist load

- 7,9 million arrivals with an average 4-5 days stay in 2022
- continuous increase in tourist numbers
- province population: 520.000 inhabitants
- significant load waste fluctuations ()
- Small surface area of free or uncultivated land
 - Province surface area: 7.400 Km²
 - mountainous territory, only 14% lies below
 1,000 m altitude
 - agriculture employs 8% of the workforce and limits surface availability
- **Objective**: anaerobic digestion plant with energy recovery
 - little surface needed
 - no smell issues
 - Production of valuable biogas and digestate for composting
 - possibility to feed self-generated energy surplus into the electrical grid



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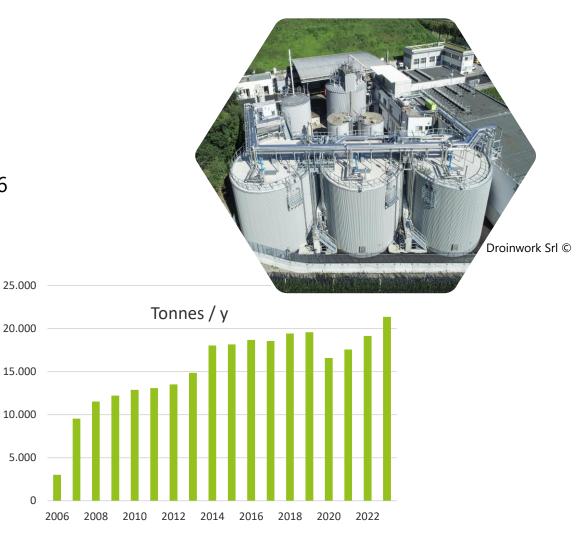
Implementation

• Timescale:

- First plant building 2006 (6,000 8,000 tonnes/y)
- Plant extension 2020 (up to 30,000 tonnes/y)
- Currently treating about 20,000 tonnes/y
- Upgrading from biogas to biomethane foreseen for 2026

Resources needed

- 11 plant operators
- about 20 M € considering the plant extension
- Actors involved
 - 53 municipalities



Implemetation

Tecnology and process

- pretreatment: 2 hammer mills (Wackerbauer©)
- 3 mesophilic anaerobic reactors working at 39 °C: 4.200 m³
- wet digestors with bottom scrapers
- Centrifuge for sludge dewatering
- digestated sludge: 2,000 tonnes/y (25% dry material) to composting facility
- cogenerators: total 1732 KWe producing heat and electricity





SLIDE 5

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Evidence of success

Results achieved

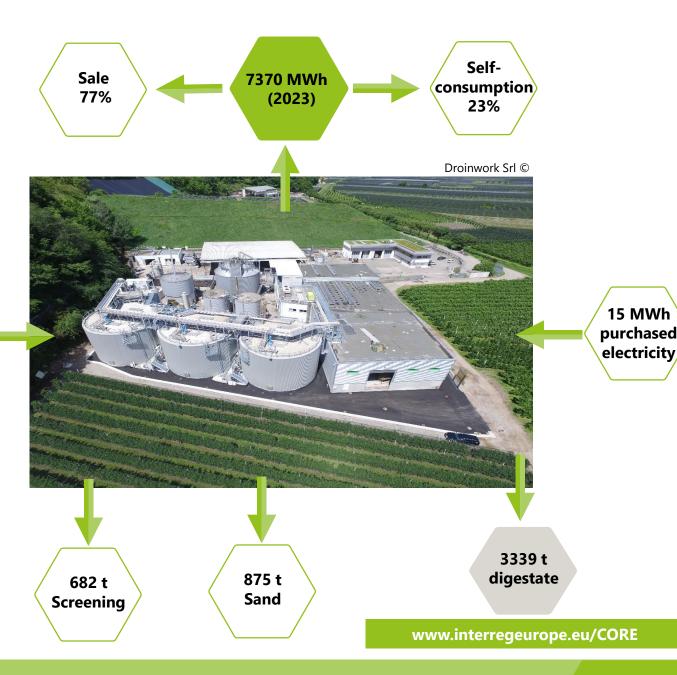
- high success in the collection of organic waste in the main towns
- need to expand the plant
- very high biogas production (162 Nm3/ t)
- few sand and screening (3,2%)
- low price for waste disposal (79 €/t)

21345 t Organic waste

- Electricity for 2000 Italian families
- 1400 t of saved CO2 emissions (251 g CO2eq/kWh)

Users/ beneficiaries

- 2010: 34 municipalities
- 2020: 47 municipalities
- 2022: 53 municipalities
- 2025: 68 municipalities are foreseen



Lessons learnt

Positive

- investing in information campaigns for proper waste collection brings to limited quantities of screening
- distribution of **free paper** bags
- right **pretreatments** to reduce screening
- continuous sand extraction system

Negative:

- in-situ composting
- too small plant area (10.000 m²)
- overcrowding of underground infrastructures
- Challenge:
 - upgrading implementation
 - ✓ investment: 2 M € by the end of 2025
 - methane to be fed into the local low pressure gas grid
 - bringing organic waste full circle by composting the digestate locally



Time for questions



Thank you!

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