



Green Infrastructure for Forest and Trees (GIFT)

Project presentation

June 2024

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GIFT project

GIFT aims to integrate the Green Infrastructure of forest and trees into sectoral policies to preserve biodiversity and ecosystem services

Budget & Funding

80% ERDF

Budget: 1.971.182,00 €

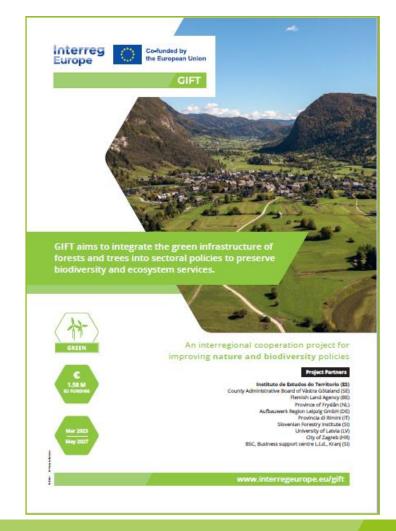
Timeline

4 years: 2023 - 2027

D: 01C0054

Project website

www.interregeurope.eu/gift



Partnership

10 +3 Associated Policy Authorities

Sweden PP02 County Administrative Board of Vastra Götaland The Netherlands PP04 Province of Fryslân

Latvia (Advisory Partner)

Italy

PP06 Province of Rimini

Germany

PP05 Aufbauwerk Region Leipzig GmbH

Belgium

PP03 Flemish Land Agency

Galicia (Lead Partner)

LP01 Institute of Territorial Studies

Slovenia

PP10 BSC, Business support centre L.t.d., Kranj PP07 Slovenian Forestry Institute

Croatia

PP09 City of Zagreb

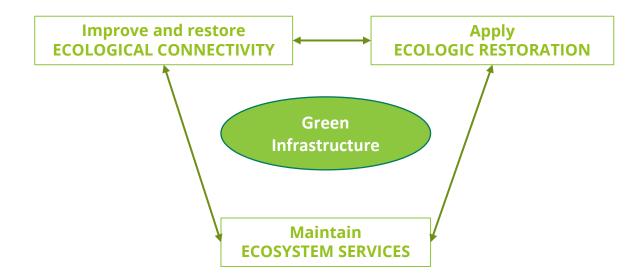
SLIDE 4



Green Infrastructure: Definition



Green Infrastructure is an ecologically coherent and strategically planned network of natural and semi-natural areas and other environmental elements, designed and managed for the conservation of ecosystems, biodiversity and the maintenance of ecosystem services, both in urban and rural areas



Preserve BIODIVERSITY

- Reconnect fragmented natural areas
- Maintain the natural state of ecosystems and ecosystem services
- Promote nature-based solutions to mitigate and adapt to the effects of climate change or to solve problems instead of grey solutions



Green Infrastructure: Territorial elements

Other multifunctional elements:

Where a sustainable use of natural **Ecological corridors:** maintain resources is carried out together with an adequate maintenance of ecological connectivity through physical links between core areas ecosystem services: agricultural areas, forestry production, etc. **Stepping-stone corridors:** small **Core areas:** where biodiversity paths, not connected, but favouring conservation has priority importance the movement of fauna between core areas **Linear corridor:** vegetation strips such as hedgerows, forest strips, river gallery forests and streams **Protection areas:** they protect the ecological network from external harmful influences: they are transition areas

Urban elements: green areas, walkways, footpaths, etc. Green Infrastructure Multiscalar approach

Other elements of the Green Infrastructure:

ports, airports, highways, motorways, industrial areas, etc. (negative effects)

Green Infrastructure: Benefits



Provision of ecosystem services, such as water, air, climate, carbon, biodiversity, recreation, and health



Counteract urbanization impacts, such as pollution, heat, floods, and habitat loss, by increasing tree cover, green spaces, and wetlands in cities



Support rural development, by improving agricultural and forest systems, providing renewable resources and energy, enhancing quality of life and attractiveness of rural areas, and fostering urban-rural integration and cooperation



Contribute to a green economy and create jobs, by reducing costs and risks of conventional infrastructure, and generating income and employment through goods and services, such as food, timber, tourism, and recreation



Strengthen community and social cohesion, by promoting local participation and empowerment, enhancing cultural and aesthetic value of landscapes, and fostering education and awareness of environmental issues



Objectives

Incorporating Green
Infrastructure
transversally in
territorial planning as
well as in other sectoral
policy instruments

Promoting the role of forests in mitigating the effects of Climate Change and conserving biodiversity

Integrating the urban and rural perspective when addressing the implementation and planning of green infrastructure

Working with different stakeholders on the purpose of the project and its activities in a participatory way









Modification of policy instruments by incorporating the GI dimension

Training and knowledge	To develop a learning process	Exchange of good practices	Interregional Thematic Seminars
improving institutional and personal capacity in Green Infrastructure through exchange of experiences, study visits and technical meetings (including Peer Reviews)	to promote the modification of the public policy selected by each partner, incorporating the perspective of the Green Infrastructure	between project partners that are useful for the project's purpose	ITS1: Integrated Green Infrastructure and biodiversity conservation ITS2: Integrated Green Infrastructure for forest and trees ITS3: Integrated Green Infrastructure for biodiversity conservation, climate change and ecosystem services





Interregional Meetings

On site meetings of all project partners, every semester in the country of one of the partners

Objective

To show the good practices that are carried out in the country where the meeting is held and that can be applied by the rest of the partners



Peer Reviews

Enabling focused learning between partners. It takes place each semester

Objective

To give advice, recommendations, and an action plan to resolve the challenge of the hosting region and is based on a matrix developed by the partners that describes the state of the art of Green Infrastructure in their region, policy gaps, their offer and demand for the Peer Review





Study Visits

Study Visits are carried out coinciding with each regional and interregional event

Objective

To analyze good practices and apply them by the other partners in their country of destination



Interregional Thematic Seminars

Providing added value to the project. Linked to a greater knowledge in each of specific topics with the involvement of key experts

Objective

The following topics will be discussed:

- Integrated green infrastructure and biodiversity conservation
- Integrated green infrastructure for forests and trees
- Integrated green infrastructure for biodiversity conservation, climate change and ecosystem services





Regional Stakeholder Group Meetings

Partner meetings with their stakeholders to consider the local context and ensure the way forward for the project

Objective

The RSG will focus on supporting the concrete implementation of new practices for integrated GI in their regional policy. The RSG acts as the platform to coordinate roles and tasks of each stakeholder in the implementation of the policy changes under the coordination of the regional partner



Good Practices

Good Practices are the results of partner meetings showing actions to improve green infrastructures applicable to the countries where the partners reside

Objective

To impact on the Policy Instruments of the territories addressed by the project.

Each region commits to submit a minimum of 3 good practices in the core phase



Objectives per Partner / Region



IET - Institute of Territorial Studies (Galicia-Spain)

Galicia (Spain)

<u>LP01 Institute of Territorial</u> Studies



▶ Political instrument to be improved: The instruments for the protection, management and planning derived from Law 7/2008 on the Protection of the Galician Landscape, incorporating on them the Green Infrastructure dimension.

- 1. To develop a methodology for monitoring the evolution of the landscape, incorporating the Green Infrastructure perspective, reinforcing the criteria of biodiversity, ecological connectivity and ecosystem services.
- 2. To review the criteria for the identification and/or delimitation of the Areas with special landscape interest.
- 3. To define the content and scope of the Landscape Action Plans for the definition of improvement actions in the Areas with special landscape interest and other areas requiring intervention and protection measures.



County Administrative Board of Västra Götaland (Västsverige - Sweden)

Sweden

PP02 County Administrative Board of Västra Götaland



Political instrument to be improved: The Regional action plan for green infrastructure.



- 1. Implementing the action plan by developing a new tree policy for the municipality of Alingsås. This will be done in a participatory process involving several stakeholder in regard to old and valuable trees.
- 2. The aim of the new tree policy is to be multifunctional and to include more aspects of trees than normal, such as the role of trees in not only biodiversity preservation but also several other ecosystem services. The policy can be positively impacted by GIFT throughout the exchange of experiences regarding related topics within the project.

Flemish Land Agency (Flanders - Belgium)

Belgium

PP03 Flemish Land Agency





Political instrument to be improved: The management instruments foreseen in the toolkit of the **Decree on Land Development**



- 1. Optimise the instruments, make them more user-friendly and ensure quality (state aid, legal constraints,...)
- 2. Improve the management of the instruments, maximizing uptake (calculation of payments, online application,...)

Province of Fryslân (Friesland – The Netherlands)





Political instrument to be improved: The **Frisian tree and forest strategy** - A policy instruction for CO2 storage in the existing landscape of Fryslân



- 1. Effective ways to incorporate and achieve policy goals through other existing projects and programmes
- 2. The use/ effectiveness of the 'Het goede Gesprek' as a part of the standard working methodology in the Dutch nature conservation as a way to achieve the goals
- 3. The organisation of administrative processes for expanding areas for forest and trees.

Aufbauwerk Region Leipzig (Leipzig - Germany)

Germany



Political instrument to be improved: The Saxon Biodiversity Programme (SBP) -Programme Biodiversity 2030 - Make it easy! The programme aims to make a regional contribution to halting the global loss of biodiversity and the extinction of species.

- 1. Steering administrative action within the state government
- 2. Analysing and (hopefully) remedying deficits in the management of Objective 1
- 3. Raising awareness and motivating stakeholders outside the state administration.



- 1. The instrument partially focuses on green infrastructure, and we aim to shift more attention to this area by incorporating tools and measurement parameters to accurately assess compliance with defined policies.
- 2. Enhancing the document with more specific indications to translate the outlined guidelines into actual legislation.

BSC and SFI (Gorenjska - Slovenia)

Slovenia

PP10 BSC, Business support centre L.t.d., Kranj PP07 Slovenian Forestry Institute



Political instrument to be improved: Regional development program of Gorenjska priority 6.4. – energy efficient and clean region: Green, low-carbon Gorenjska: Measure: 6.4.2. protection of environment and preservation of biodiversity and adaptation to climate related risks

- 1. To expand multifunctionality of GI with forest and trees as a climate change adaptation and mitigation solution.
- 2. Connect forested areas with urban/suburban/agricultural areas with GI, introduce forests and trees into the build up areas
- 3. Facilitate active involvement and dialogue with citizens and stakeholders participatory management of green infrastructure.



City of Zagreb (Zagreb - Croatia)

Croatia

PP09 City of Zagreb



Political instrument to be improved: Programme Competitiveness and Cohesion for 2021 - 2027 approved by the European Commission November 9th, 2022. Creation of Program for the assessment and monitoring of the ecological state and biodiversity of urban forests

- 1. To develop a methodology for the monitoring to identify ecological state and biodiversity to incorporate values linked to green infrastructures, reinforcing the criteria of biodiversity, ecological connectivity and the provision of ecosystem services.
- 2. To plan the goals and activities of the urban forest management program.
- 3. To define measures for the future management of urban forests as high-value areas of Zagreb's green infrastructure.





GIFT

The project GIFT is implemented in the framework of the Interreg Europe programme and co-financed by the European Union.

www.interregeurope.eu/gift

