

Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg

Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg – Formal and informal spatial planning approaches addressing a large functionale urban area

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Joint Spatial Planning Department Berlin-Brandenburg

The Foundations of Spatial Planning



Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg

The Federal Republic of Germany ("Bundesrepublik Deutschland") is a federation of states with

16 states

16 legal systems

16 state administrations



Source: https://reise.naanoo.de/statistik/bundeslaender (last downloaded 02.11.2020)

State Spatial Planning in the Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg





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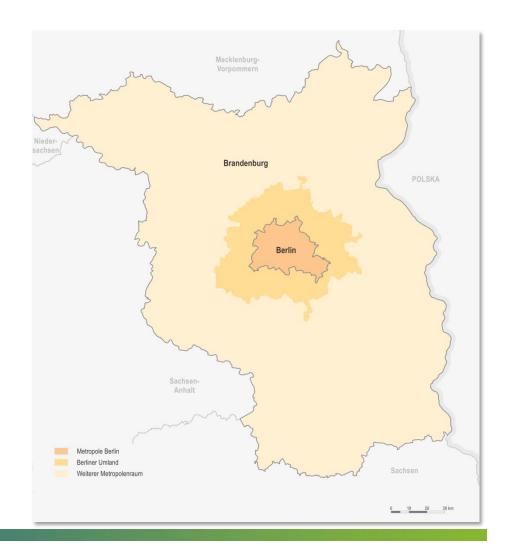
The two federal states Berlin and Brandenburg together form the Capital Region

Berlin 3 676 000 inhabitants

Berlin suburban area 1 023 000 inhabitants

Further metropolitan area 1 517 000 inhabitants

(Data from 11/2021)

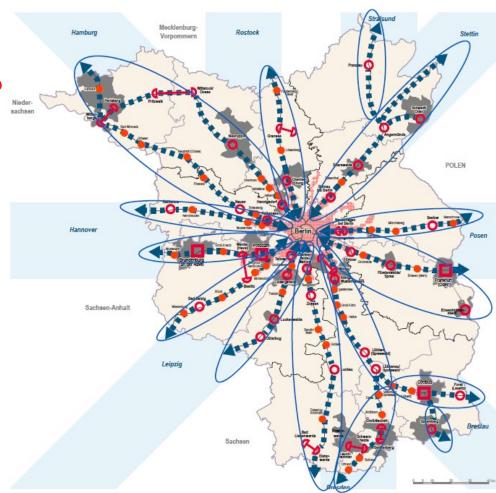




State Chancellery

How to foster the capital region Berlin Brandenburg?

- connecting strategically people, business, governments and science along the existing railway lines
- bringing growth, knowledge from central metropolitan areas to rural areas



The State Development Plan of the Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg



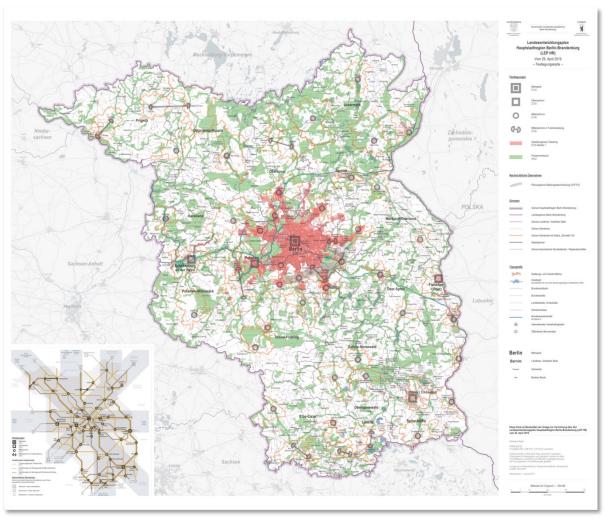
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State Development Plan of the Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg (LEP HR) of 29 April 2019

- Map of Regulations -

Enter into force as from: 1st July 2019

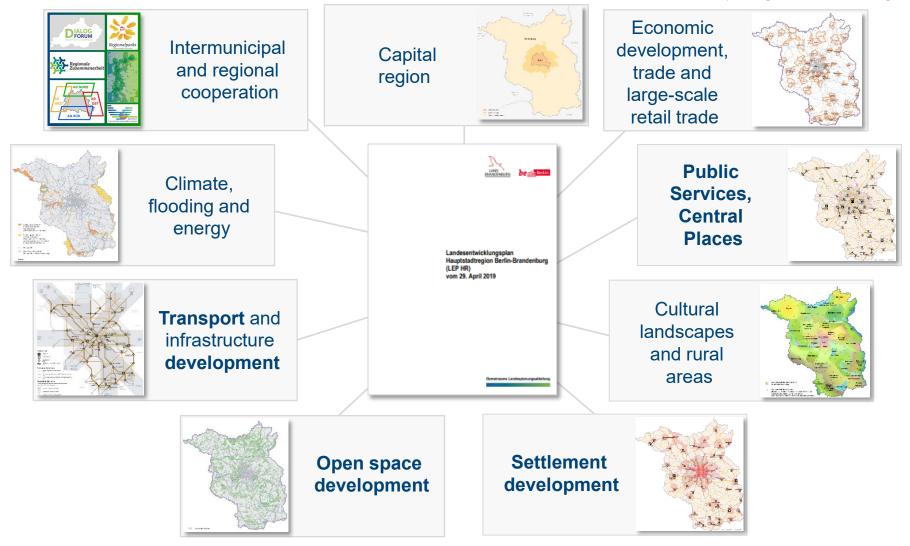


State Development Plan Capital Region -Content - textual regulations





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State Development Plan Capital Region -Transportation Development

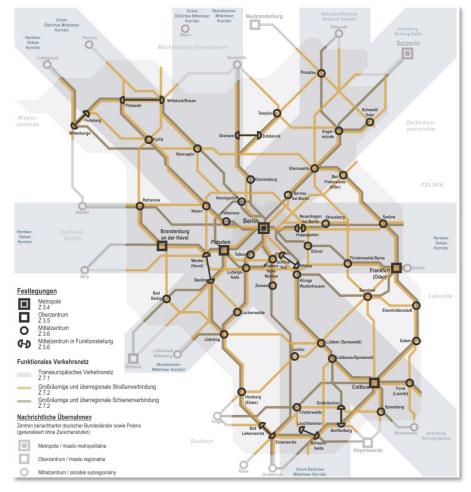




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<u>Transport</u>

- Functional Transport Network Ensuring the transport connections between central places (railways; motorways)
- Trans-European Transport Network (TEN-T) Connecting the Capital Region and nodes of regional and European relevance within Europe



State Development Plan Capital Region – Spatial Controlling

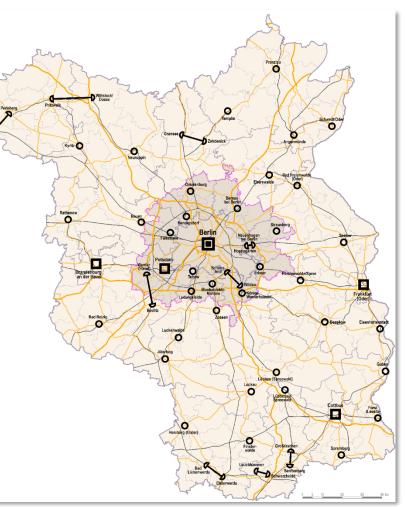




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Public Services, Central Places

- Basic public services in each municipality
- Concentration of public services above municipal level in Central Places (3 levels in state plan)
 - Metropolis
 - high-order centers (major regional)
 - middle-order centers (regional)
- No determination of basic-order centers, because all municipalities provide basic public services



State Development Plan Capital Region – Spatial Controlling



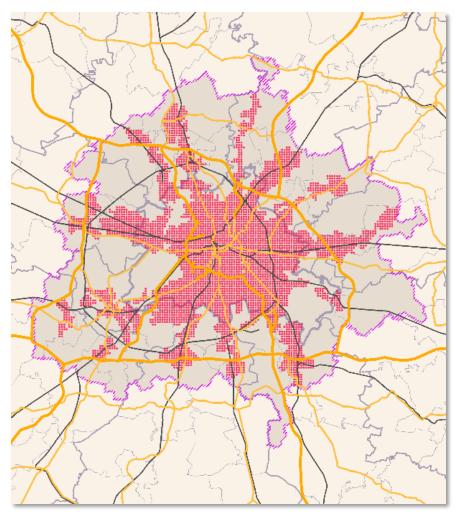


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Settlement Development

Berlin and Berlin suburban area: Settlement priority area ("star shaped settlement pattern")

- The core of Berlin and along railway-axes of the suburban region
- Like a "backbone" for the settlement development



State Development Plan Capital Region – Spatial Contolling



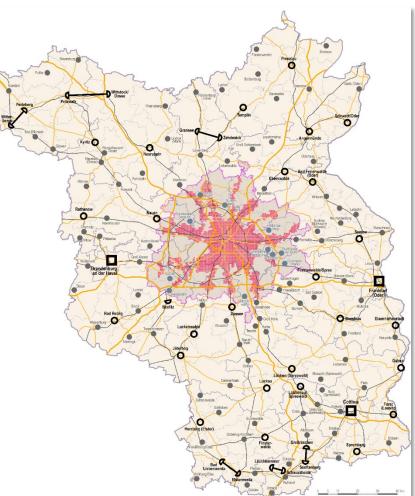


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Settlement Development

Main settlement areas (established by state and regional planning):

- Concentration on Settlement Priority Area
- high-order and middle-order centers (in further metropolitan area)
- Core Areas for basic functionality (in Berlin suburban area outside Settlement Priority Area and in further metropolitan area)



State Development Plan Capital Region – Spatial Controlling





Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg

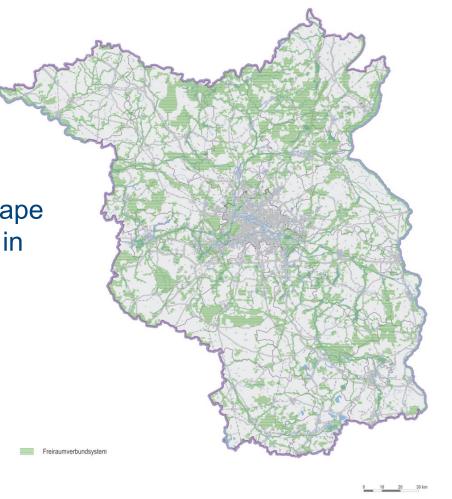
Open Space Development

Open Space Network

- High quality open spaces are spatially secured and networked
- Building development and landscape fragmentation is only permissible in exceptional cases
- Area delimitation is specified in regional plans

Open Space Development

- Should be multi-functional
- With special emphasis on agricultural land use



State Development Plan Capital Region -Spatial Development



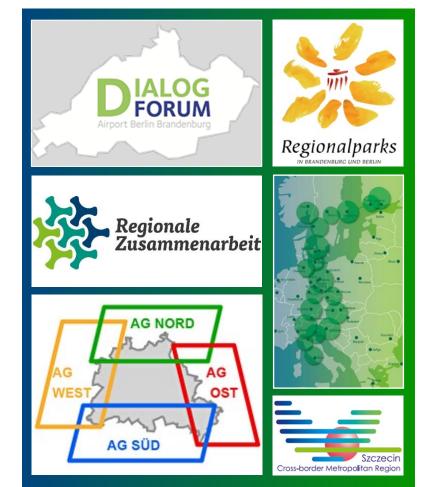


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Regional Cooperation and Development

Spatial planning provides impulses for intensifying cooperation between different governmental and civil society actors. Examples from the Capital Region Berlin-Brandenburg:

- Berlin und municipalities in Berlin Suburban Area
- Central Places and municipalities in their interdependence areas
- Transnational integration in Europe



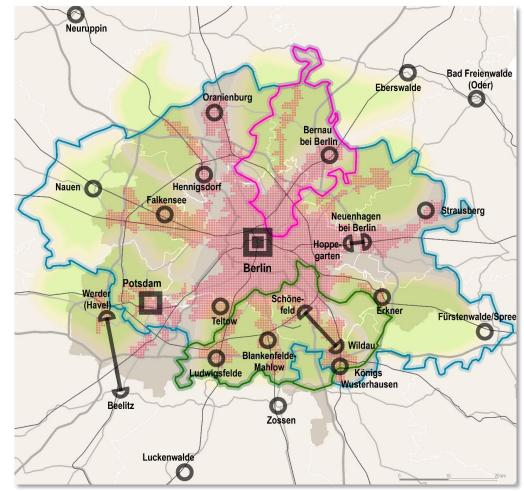
Cooperation in the Field of Spatial Development - Examples



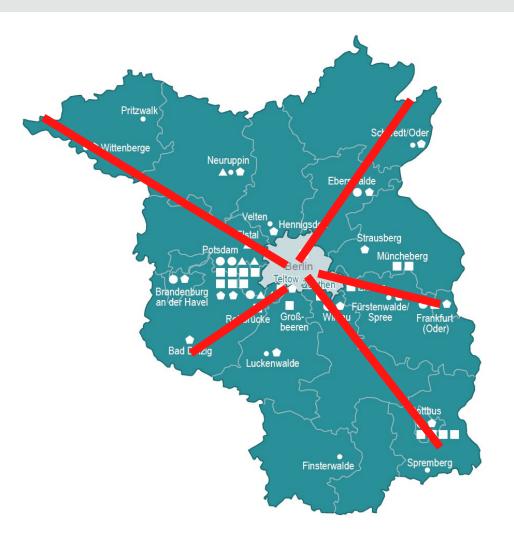
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Berlin and Berlin suburban area (cross-border – here: involving several federal states):

- 1. Regional Parks
- 2. Dialogue Forum Airport Berlin Brandenburg
- 3. Axis Development Concept Pankow-Wandlitz
- 4. Communal Neighborhood Forum for Berlin-Brandenburg







State Chancellery

Innovation axis

- Linking strategically universities and industries
- Bringing growth, knowledge to rural areas
- Opening new spaces for growth and settlements
- Linking digital and social entrepreneurs
- Making living and working in rural areas more attractive
- Keeping talents in rural areas



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Thank you for your attention!

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