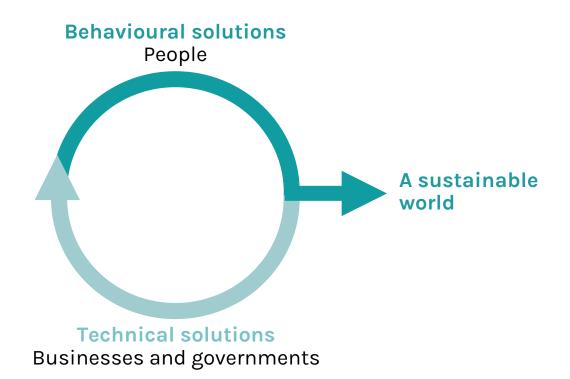


# Behaviour change is essential

### A sustainable world is not possible without behaviour change



"While the techno-economic sides of the circular economy have attracted large attention in recent years, the role of consumer behaviour — a critical factor in defining the long-term success of 'sustainable production and consumption' initiatives — remains less explored."

Planing, P., 2015. Business model innovation in a circular economy reasons for non-acceptance of circular business models. Open J. Bus. Model Innov. 1.



# Including for the circular economy

Circular solutions depend as much on people's behaviour as on techno-economic factors

### Steps

Examples of circular behaviours

#### **Purchase**

- Investing in more durable products
- Engaging with more circular business models

#### Use

- Maintaining owned products
- Repairing functional products

#### **End-of-life**

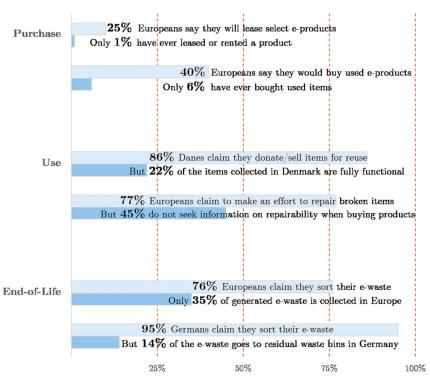
- Proper disposal of products with no reuse potential
- Returning instead of stockpiling

Keshav Parajuly, Colin Fitzpatrick, Orla Muldoon, Ruediger Kuehr, Behavioral change for the circular economy: A review with focus on electronic waste management in the EU, Resources, Conservation & Recycling: X, Volume 6, 2020.



# Conventional approaches won't do

### Information campaigns, financial incentives and stricter regulations will only get us so far



Beyond extrinsic elements (e.g. infrastructure)

We also need to consider human attributes (e.g. acceptance)

E.g. the intention-behaviour gap

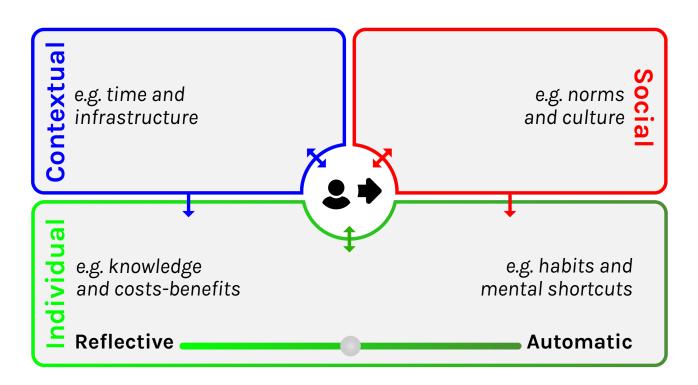
"There are gaps between what people claim and their actual practices."

Baldé et al., 2017; Cerulli-Harms et al., 2018; European Union, 2014; Huisman et al., 2017; Parajuly and Wenzel, 2017.



# We need a more complete picture

We need to understand the different factors influencing circular behaviours



A behaviour is the result of three types of influences:

**Contextual** factors

**Social** factors

**Individual** factors

"Only by correctly understanding the problem can you provide the correct answer"

Behaven's scientific model.

© Behaven.



## Barriers to circular behaviours

### Some examples of factors influencing circular behaviours

#### Contextual

- (-): Inconvenience of repair (effort, distance, ...)
- (-): Products designed to be obsolete
- (-): Lack of opportunity to return a product at the end of use

#### Social

- (-): Recycling as a deeply entrenched norm: "Recycling is the green thing to do"
- (+): Repair norms in the community (e.g., common for developing countries to have small businesses offering repair services)

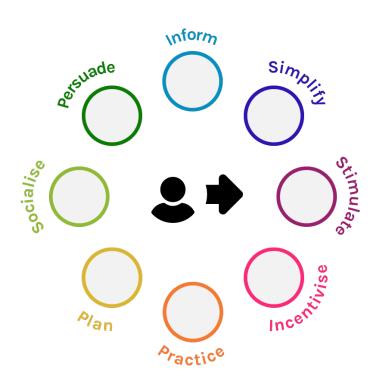
### Individual

- (-): Lack of knowledge about the environmental benefits of buying second-hand products
- (-): Behavioural costs, including the perceived convenience and effort of the specific behaviour
- (-): People associating waste with what is thrown away, not what they buy
- (-): The perception that if an item has had a good life, it is not considered as waste



## And we now have more tools

### A bigger toolbox to encourage circular behaviours



#### For instance:

- Many circular behaviours involve repeated actions that require new habit formation
- For example, although consumers may be initially incentivised to buy a reusable product, it can be hard to get them back to the store for refilling beyond a few times
- An example of a solution that might help is using prompts i.e. giving people reminders at the right time and place

Behaven's Rainbow Wheel™ developed with support from University College London. © Behaven.



# Real-life applications

For this to be effective, we need to cocreate and combine these interventions

### Sweden's 'Fix the Stuff'

Support Social networks Restructuring



### Yale University 'Spring Salvage'

Window of opportunity
Support
Simplification





# To summarise

Solutions that

Consider both technical and human factors

You can use intentionally

To encourage circular behaviours



## **About Behaven**

We help European organisations understand and change people's behaviour so their sustainability programmes and products work <a href="https://www.behaven.com">www.behaven.com</a>



## Uncover

Go beyond stated intentions and uncover conscious and unconscious insights using innovative behavioural research methods



## Design

Create sustainability programmes and products that effectively change behaviour, closing the intention-action gap and increasing uptake and usage



## **Optimise**

Improve the impact and return on investment of your existing sustainability programmes and products by **reinforcing them** with proven behavioural techniques



# Let's keep the conversation going

### Three actions to take:

- Dedicated session for you and your team: contact Fred <u>fred@behaven.com</u> or +32476 01 01 05
- 2. More information on our services on www.behaven.com
- 3. Follow us on LinkedIn for bitesize sustainable behaviour insights: www.linkedin.com/company/behaven

